

ReliablE in-Vehicle pErception and decisioN-making in complex environmenTal conditionS (EVENTS)

Dr. Bill Roungas, ICCSBrussels, 06 February 2024





Overall Project Presentation

General facts and figures



• Title: ReliablE in-Vehicle pErception and decisioN-making in complex

environmenTal conditionS (EVENTS)

• Call: HORIZON-CL5-2021-D6-01

Topic: HORIZON-CL5-2021-D6-01-01

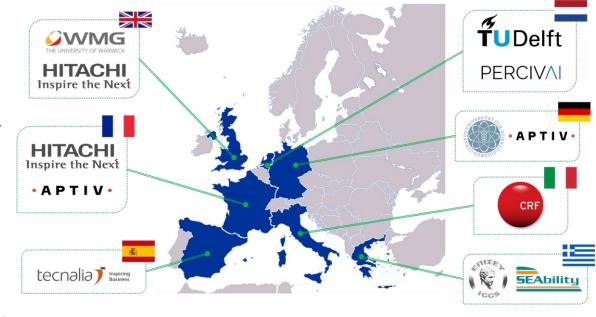
Type of Action: Innovation Action

• Starting date: 1st September 2022

• **Duration:** 36 months

• **Budget:** 6.920.598 euros | **EU Funding:** 5.534.448 euros

Consortium: 12 partners (2x2 associated) from 7 countries







Objectives



Design and implement on-board **perception algorithms** needed for safe driving of CAVs in complex environmental conditions by overcoming current ODD limitations.

7 prototype vehicles collect data and assess perception improvement

Design and implement **decision-making** algorithms able to cope with a **variety of traffic scenarios** including non-standard traffic conditions (edge cases), considering potential contradictions to existing traffic rules.

Metrics like time-to-collision and ratio (MRM applied) / (MRM necessary)

Develop solutions for continuous **perception system self-assessment** for CAVs safe and resilient operation, triggering an improved **minimum risk manoeuvre (MRM)** in case the ODD limit is reached.

Ex-ante evaluation like the appropriateness of an MRM

Integrate, test and demonstrate the developed perception and decision-making algorithms in both prototype vehicles (real conditions) and simulation environments.

End-to-end system tests; Demonstration under real conditions and in simulation

Assess the impact of EVENTS developments and determine **cost-efficient sensor suites** for CAVs delivering the necessary perception performance for a wide variety of scenarios in complex environments.

Prove the ODD extension in the selected UCs; Detailed sensor suites analysis

Disseminate and **communicate** project findings, increase **cooperation** with **international** stakeholders and promote project results, mainly performance requirements for environment perception, to **standardisation** bodies.

Cooperation with 3 SBs; International AB (Europe, North America, Australia & Asia)





Results Presentation



Use Cases & Experiments



Use Cases

 UC1: Interaction with Vehicles and VRUs in Complex Urban Environment

 UC2: Non-Standard and Unstructured Road Conditions

 UC3: Low Visibility & Adverse Weather



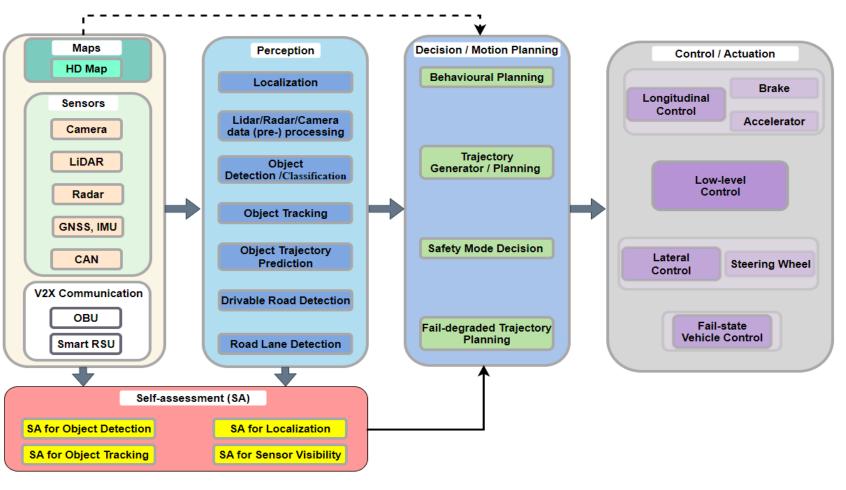
- EXP1: Interaction with VRUs in complex urban environment.
- EXP2: Re-establish platoon formation after splitting due to roundabout.
- EXP3: Self-assessment and reliability of perception data with complementary V2X data in complex urban environments.
- EXP4: Decision making for motion planning when faced with roadworks, unmarked lanes, and narrow roads with assistance from perception self-assessment.
- EXP5: Decision making for motion planning when entering a jammed highway.
- EXP6: Small object detection at a far range in adverse weather conditions.
- **EXP7**: Localization/perception self-assessment for advanced ACC and other vehicles' behaviour prediction under adverse weather or adverse road conditions.
- **EXP8**: Driving on secondary roads under adverse weather.





System Architecture





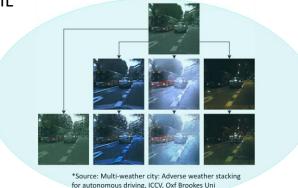


Data Generation & New Datasets

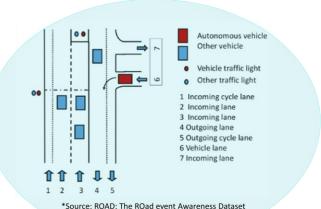


Data Generation from Simulation

Creating artificial bad weather images from original images using ML



Annotating events in videos using ML



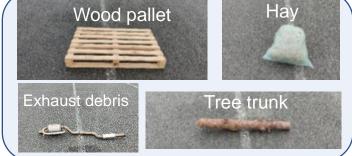
forAutonomous Driving, PAMI, 2022

New Road Debris Dataset

- A prototype vehicle equipped with a front-facing radar and a GNSS/IMU system is used to collect data on a test track
- The debris is positioned on a straight line marked on the test track



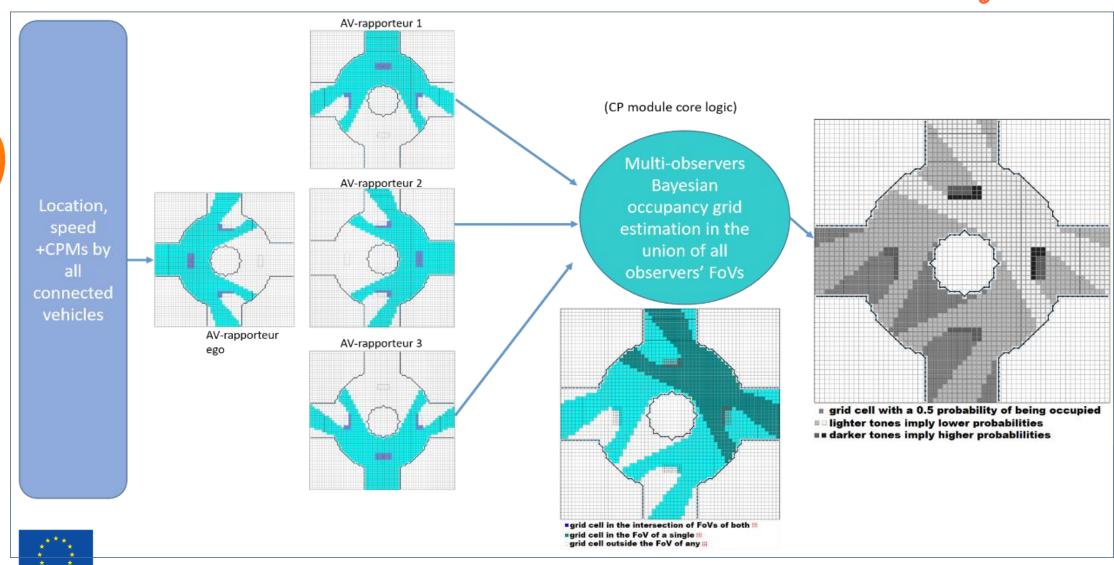
- Collection of 47 different objects from 1cm to 3m
- 12cm was deemed the cut off height for overdriveable objects



Collective Perception Messages

Funded by the European Union







Mid- to Long-Term Expected Impacts of the Project

Mid-Term Expected Impact



Expected Outcome	Dimension	Metric
Cost-efficient sensor suites	Technological/Economic	Cost benefit analysis for sensor suites
Advanced environment and traffic recognition and prediction	Technological/Societal	Decrease false detections and non- detections of VRUs by at least 10%
Determine the appropriate course of action of a CAV in a real-world environment	Technological/Societal	Compare appropriate course of action with action suggested by EVENTS algos
Safe and reliable operation of automated vehicles in expanding ODD	Technological	≥3 OEMs & 1 Tier 1s interested in building on EVENTS results on ODDs expansion
Standardization mandate for performance requirements for environment perception systems with respect to different automation levels and ODDs	Technological	≥2 relevant WGs in standardisation orgs consider input from EVENTS



Long-Term Expected Impact



Expected Outcome	Dimension	Metric
Validated safety and security, improved robustness and resilience of CCAM technologies and systems	Technological/Societal	Decrease by 10% the critical cases where CAVs are involved.
Secure and trustworthy interaction between road users, CCAM and "conventional" vehicles	Technological/Societal	High detection rate of VRUs and other objects limiting false detections and non-detections at least by 10%
User oriented CCAM based mobility and goods deliveries for all	Societal	High public acceptance rate (>80%) of EVENTS results
Better coordination of R&I and large-scale testing activities in Europe	Societal	Exchange of information and liaise with ≥2 other CCAM projects on a regular basis (Hi-Drive & ROADVIEW)
European leadership in the development and deployment of CCAM systems	Societal	Creation of highly-skilled jobs in automotive industry





www.events-project.eu



EVENTSproject22



@EVENTSproject22



EVENTS project



Thank you for your attention!



Dr. Bill Roungas, ICCS v.roungas@iccs.gr



This project has received funding under grant agreement No 101069614. It is funded by the European Union. Views and opinions expressed are however those of the author(s) only and do not necessarily reflect those of the European Union or European Commission. Neither the European Union nor the granting authority can be held responsible for them.